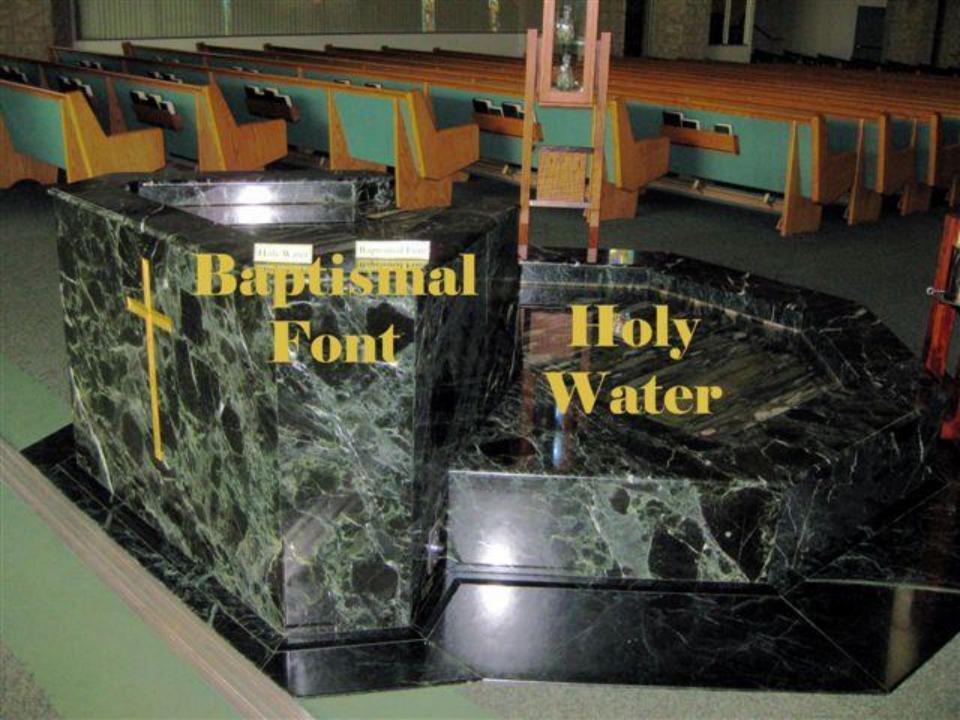
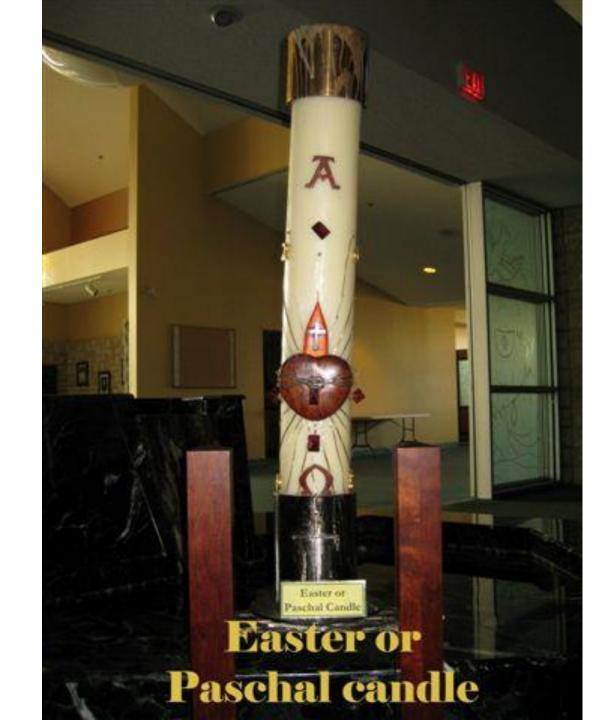
RCIA

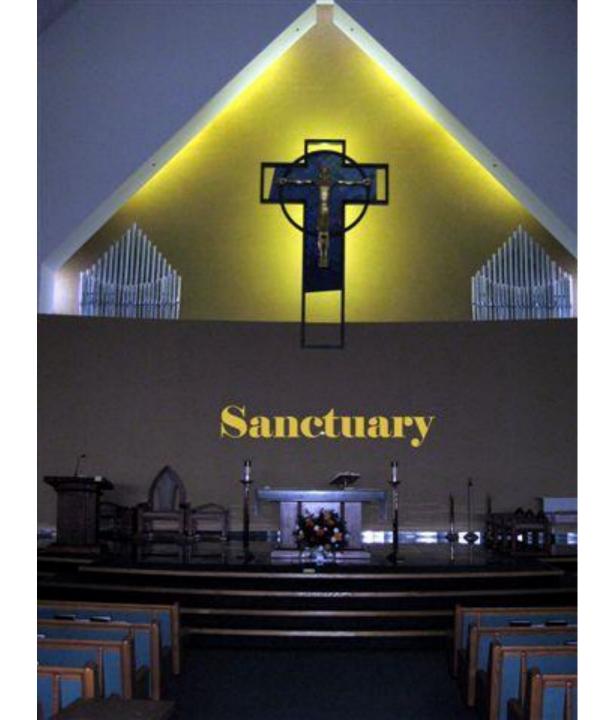
Rite of Christian Initiation of Adults St. Thomas More Catholic Church Edmonton, AB

TOUR OF THE CHURCH

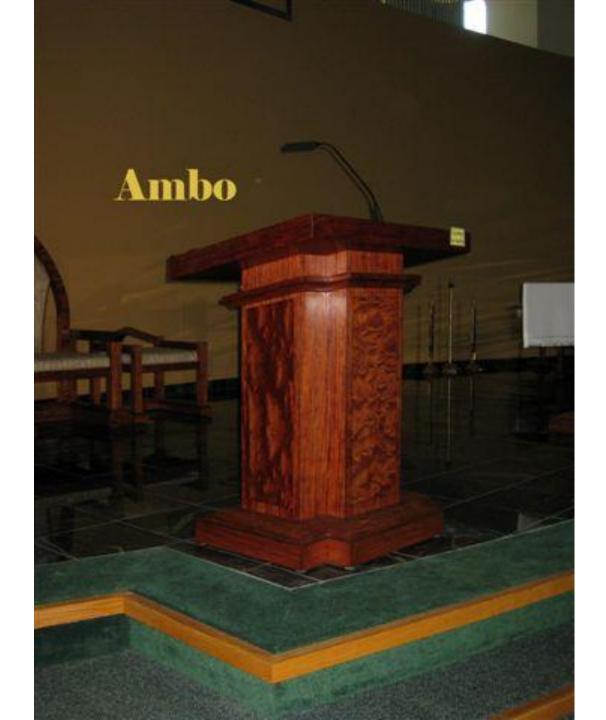


















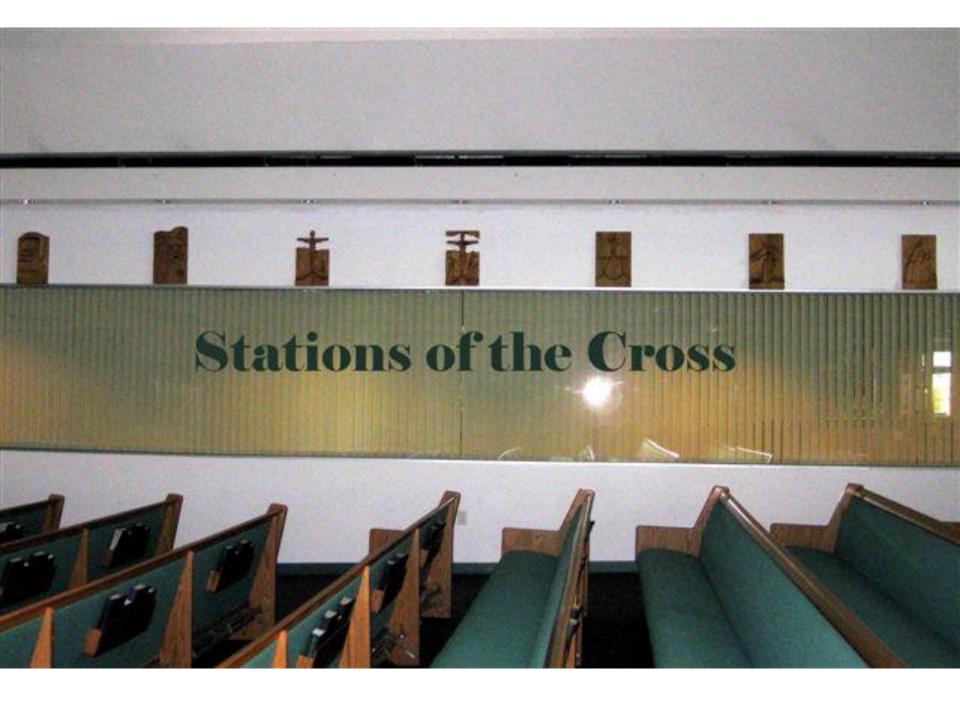




Reconciliation Room or 'Confessional'

Stations of the Cross







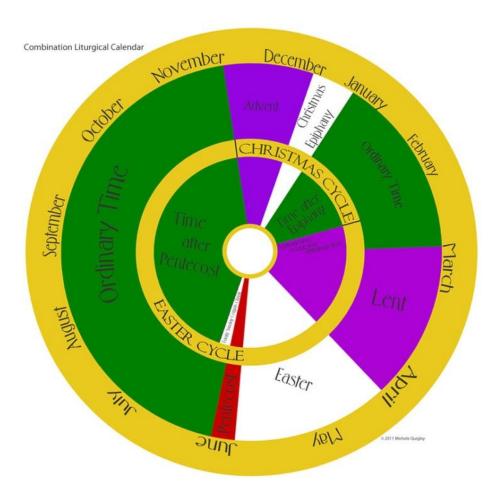


Liturgical Colours



The Church today recognizes 6 liturgical colours—white, red, black, green, rose and violet/purple. Some countries have been given permission to use blue in their celebrations of feasts related to the Virgin Mary.

Why does the Church use different colours?



The different colours connect us visually to the particular seasons of the Church. The different colours remind us that change is a constant in our lives and in the Church.

Liturgical colours can be seen in the vestments of the priests and the drapings in the Church.

Source: Judith Babarsky, Do You Know Your Liturgical Colours? December 8, 2014 http://epicpew.com/know-liturgical-colors/

White

• Symbolizes purity, joy, light, glory.

• Used during Christmas and Easter as well as Holy Thursday, the solemnity of the Most Holy Trinity, various feasts of Christ, various feasts of the Virgin Mary, various feasts of angels and saints who are not martyrs

• Also used on the feasts of All Saints, John the Baptist, St. John the Evangelist, the Chair of St. Peter, and the Conversion of St. Paul.

• White is also used for marriages, baptisms, parish feast days and Thanksgiving. Since Vatican II white is also often used for funeral masses to remind us of the Resurrection



Green

- Symbolizes hope, life, anticipation
- Green is used during Ordinary time, the longest season of the Church year.
- Ordinary time focuses on Christ's public ministry, His teachings and miracles.
- During Ordinary time we are reminded that we are a missionary Church—we are to share Christ's message with the world.







• Symbolizes blood, fire, passion

• Red is used on Palm Sunday, Good Friday, the celebration of the Lord's Passion, the birthday of the apostles and evangelists and the celebrations of martyred saints, and Pentecost Sunday.

• Red symbolizes the Holy Spirit.

Violet/Purple

- Symbolizes penance, preparation, sacrifice
- Most often used during Advent and Lent.
- Purple originally was the colour of royalty as it was an expensive dye.





Advent candles are purple with one rose candle for the 3rd Sunday in Advent



• Symbolizes anticipation, rejoicing

• Rose is used on Gaudete Sunday (the 3rd Sunday of Advent) and Laetare Sunday (the 4rth Sunday of Lent). The words "gaudete" and "laetare" are variations of the Latin word meaning "rejoice".



Black

- Symbolizes death and mourning
- Black is not often used in the US and Canada as white is now the preferred colour for funeral masses
- You may see it during some funeral masses and on the anniversary of deaths.

